

LIST OF INVENTOR DUTIES

An applicant for patent owes a duty of candor and good faith to the United States Patent Office. This duty applies equally to any person who assisted at any time in the prosecution of the patent, including the attorney. To satisfy this obligation, all information known to be material to the patentability of any claim must be disclosed to the Patent Office. There is no requirement to search for information that might prove adverse to your invention, however, any knowledge that you currently possess or later come into possession of, must be disclosed. If at any time it is determined that you failed to comply, invalidation of the patent will result. Full disclosure of all relevant information prior to the issuance of the patent, although not a guarantee, does serve to bolster the presumption that your patent is valid.

An applicant for patent must also describe the best mode known to the inventor for carrying out the invention at the time that the inventor files the application. The description must be sufficient to enable one skilled in the art of the invention to make and use the same.

With the former in mind, please let us know whether the answer to any of the following questions is no so that we can bring it to the attention of the Patent Office:

Have all the contributors to each and every claim in the patent been disclosed? Yes No

Is the application technically correct? Yes No

Have all necessary features of the invention been described in the application? Yes No

Are all limitations necessary to the invention described in the application? Yes No

Is the best method for making and using the invention disclosed in the application? Yes No

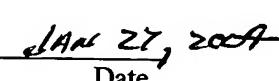
Does the application disclose all details necessary to enable one skilled in the art to make and use the invention? Yes No

Have all important points known to the inventor been disclosed to the attorney, e.g.; sales, offers to sell the invention, public use, commercial use? Yes No

Have the most relevant references been disclosed to the attorney and have the most relevant parts been pointed out and explained where necessary? Yes No

Ronald L. Darata
Name (Typed)


Signature


Date

*Specializing in Patents, Trademarks,
Copyrights, Licensing, Litigation and Related Matters*

92 State Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02109-2004
Telephone: 617-720-0091
Facsimile: 617-227-0313
www.lambertpatentlaw.com

NEW HAMPSHIRE OFFICE
159 Main St., Nashua, New Hampshire 03060-5592

LIST OF INVENTOR DUTIES

An applicant for patent owes a duty of candor and good faith to the United States Patent Office. This duty applies equally to any person who assisted at any time in the prosecution of the patent, including the attorney. To satisfy this obligation, all information known to be material to the patentability of any claim must be disclosed to the Patent Office. **There is no requirement to search for information that might prove adverse to your invention, however, any knowledge that you currently possess or later come into possession of, must be disclosed.** If at any time it is determined that you failed to comply, invalidation of the patent will result. Full disclosure of all relevant information prior to the issuance of the patent, although not a guarantee, does serve to bolster the presumption that your patent is valid.

An applicant for patent must also describe the best mode known to the inventor for carrying out the invention at the time that the inventor files the application. The description must be sufficient to enable one skilled in the art of the invention to make and use the same.

With the former in mind, please let us know whether the answer to any of the following questions is no so that we can bring it to the attention of the Patent Office:

Have all the contributors to each and every claim in the patent been disclosed? Yes No

Is the application technically correct? Yes No

Have all necessary features of the invention been described in the application? Yes No

Are all limitations necessary to the invention described in the application? Yes No

Is the best method for making and using the invention disclosed in the application? Yes No

Does the application disclose all details necessary to enable one skilled in the art to make and use the invention? Yes No

Have all important points known to the inventor been disclosed to the attorney, e.g.; sales, offers to sell the invention, public use, commercial use? Yes No

Have the most relevant references been disclosed to the attorney and have the most relevant parts been pointed out and explained where necessary? Yes No

Clarence Chi Wah Kwok
Name (Typed)

Signature

Jan 29, 2004
Date